

Системы случайных величин.

Задача 64

$$\rho(x, y) := 24 \cdot x \cdot y$$

$$F(0.5, 2) \quad \int_0^{0.5} \int_0^{1-x} \rho(x, y) \, dy \, dx = 0.6875 \quad \frac{11}{16} = 0.6875$$

$$\rho 1(x) := \int_0^{1-x} \rho(x, y) \, dy \rightarrow 12 \cdot x^3 - 24 \cdot x^2 + 12 \cdot x \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\rho 2(y) := \int_0^{1-y} \rho(x, y) \, dx \rightarrow 12 \cdot y^3 - 24 \cdot y^2 + 12 \cdot y \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

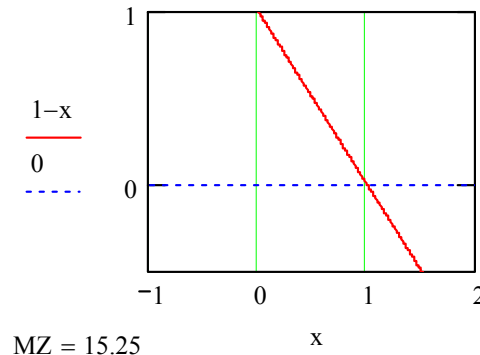
$$U1(x, y) := \frac{\rho(x, y)}{\rho 2(y)} \rightarrow 24 \cdot x \cdot \frac{y}{12 \cdot y^3 - 24 \cdot y^2 + 12 \cdot y}$$

$$U2(y, x) := \frac{\rho(x, y)}{\rho 1(x)} \rightarrow 24 \cdot x \cdot \frac{y}{12 \cdot x^3 - 24 \cdot x^2 + 12 \cdot x}$$

Задача 66

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0.32 & 0.18 \\ 4 & 0.13 & 0.37 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$MZ := \sum_{j=1}^2 \sum_{i=1}^2 \left[(A_{0,j})^2 + (A_{i,0})^2 \right] \cdot A_{i,j}$$



Задача 67

$$\rho(x, y, R) := 2 \cdot \frac{(x^2 + y^2)}{\pi \cdot R^4}$$

$$mZ(R) := \int_0^R r^5 \cdot \rho(r, R) \, dr \cdot \int_0^{2 \cdot \pi} (\sin(\phi))^2 (\cos(\phi))^2 \, d\phi \rightarrow \frac{1}{16} \cdot R^4$$

В полярной системе координат

$$\rho(r, R) := \frac{2 \cdot r^2}{\pi \cdot R^4}$$

Задача 68

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 4 & 0.4 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AX := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0.6 & 0.4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AY := \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$MAX := \sum_{i=0}^1 AX_{0,i} \cdot AX_{1,i}$$

$$MAY := \sum_{i=0}^1 AY_{0,i} \cdot AY_{1,i}$$

$$MAX = 1.4$$

$$MAY = 3.5$$

$$cov := \left[\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^2 \left[(A_{0,j} \cdot A_{i,0}) \cdot A_{i,j} \right] \right] - MAX \cdot MAY \quad cov = -0.1$$

Задача 69 (см. зад. 64)

$$mx := \int_0^1 x \cdot \rho 1(x) \, dx$$

$$mx = 0.4$$

$$my := \int_0^1 y \cdot \rho 2(y) \, dy \quad my = 0.4$$

$$COV := \left(\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} 24x^2 \cdot y^2 \, dy \, dx \right) - mx \cdot my$$

$$COV = -0.027$$

$$\frac{-2}{75} = -0.027$$

**Статистическое распределение выборки. Эмпирическая функция распределения.
Полигон и гистограмма**

Решение задачи 1.

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N := \sum_{i=0}^8 A_{1,i} \quad N = 50$$

$$M := \sum_{i=0}^8 A_{0,i} \cdot \frac{A_{1,i}}{N} \quad M = 4.94$$

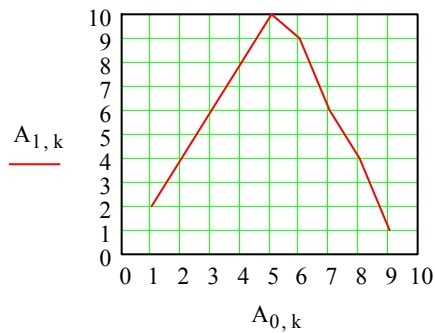
$$D := \left[\sum_{i=0}^8 \frac{[(A_{0,i}) - M]^2 \cdot A_{1,i}}{N} \right]$$

$$D = 3.696 \quad \sqrt{D} = 1.923 \quad D \cdot \frac{N}{N-1} = 3.772$$

$$\sqrt{D \cdot \frac{50}{49}} = 1.942 \quad V := \frac{\sqrt{D} \cdot 100}{M}$$

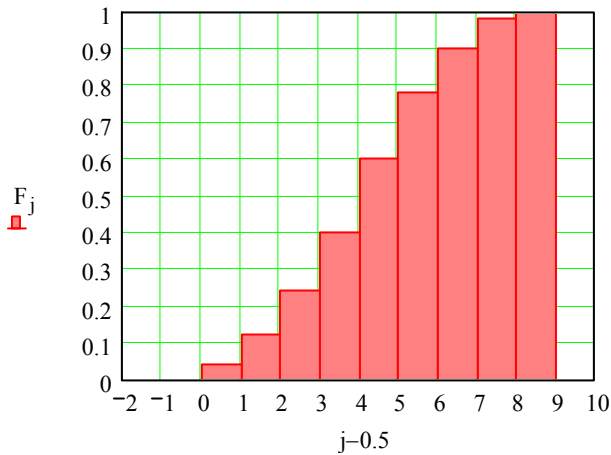
$$V = 38.919 \quad V1 := \frac{\sqrt{D \cdot \frac{N}{N-1}} \cdot 100}{M} \quad V1 = 39.314$$

Полигон частот $k := 0..8$



$$F := \begin{cases} \text{EFR}_0 \leftarrow 0 \\ \text{for } j \in 0..8 \\ \text{for } k \in 0..8 \\ \text{EFR}_{k+1} \leftarrow \text{EFR}_k + \frac{A_{1,k}}{N} \\ \text{EFR} \end{cases}$$

Эмпирическая функция распределения

$$F^T = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0.04 & 0.12 & 0.24 & 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.78 & 0.9 & 0.98 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$


Решение задачи 2.

$$Z := \begin{pmatrix} 250 & 750 & 1500 & 2500 & 3500 \\ 27 & 11 & 8 & 8 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$n := \sum_{i=0}^4 Z_{1,i} \quad n = 56$$

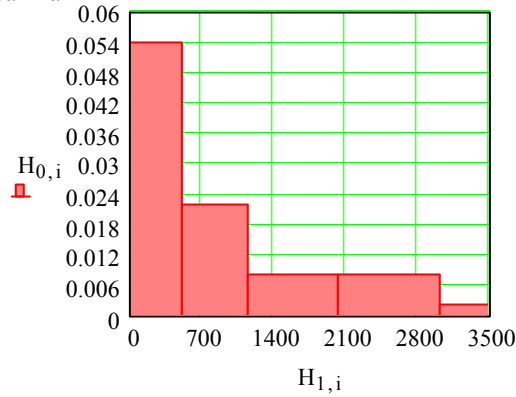
$$i := 0..4$$

$$\rho := \begin{pmatrix} \frac{Z_{1,0}}{500} & \frac{Z_{1,1}}{500} & \frac{Z_{1,2}}{1000} & \frac{Z_{1,3}}{1000} & \frac{Z_{1,4}}{1000} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho = (0.054 \ 0.022 \ 8 \times 10^{-3} \ 8 \times 10^{-3} \ 2 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$H := \begin{pmatrix} 0.054 & 0.022 & 8 \times 10^{-3} & 8 \times 10^{-3} & 2 \times 10^{-3} \\ 250 & 750 & 1500 & 2500 & 3500 \end{pmatrix}$$

Гистограмма



ЭФР

$$FZ := \begin{cases} EFRZ_0 \leftarrow 0 \\ \text{for } j \in 0..4 \\ \text{for } k \in 0..4 \\ EFRZ_{k+1} \leftarrow EFRZ_k + \frac{Z_{1,k}}{n} \\ EFRZ \end{cases}$$

$$FZ^T = (0 \ 0.482 \ 0.679 \ 0.821 \ 0.964 \ 1)$$

$$MZ := \sum_{i=0}^4 Z_{0,i} \cdot \frac{Z_{1,i}}{n}$$

$$MZ = 964.286$$

$$DZ = 8.6256378 \times 10^5$$

$$\sqrt{DZ} = 928.743$$

$$DZ := \left[\sum_{i=0}^4 \frac{[(Z_{0,i}) - MZ]^2 \cdot Z_{1,i}}{n} \right]$$

$$VZ := \frac{\sqrt{DZ} \cdot 100}{MZ}$$

$$VZ = 96.314$$

$$DZ \cdot \frac{n}{n-1} = 8.7824675 \times 10^5$$

$$\sqrt{DZ \cdot \frac{n}{n-1}} = 937.148$$

$$VZ1 := \frac{\sqrt{DZ \cdot \frac{n}{n-1}} \cdot 100}{MZ}$$

$$VZ1 = 97.186$$

График ЭФР

$$FR := \begin{pmatrix} 0.482 & 0.679 & 0.821 & 0.964 & 1 \\ 250 & 750 & 1500 & 2500 & 3500 \end{pmatrix}$$

