

## Individual Task 5

### Fredholm integral equations. Part IV

#### Case 1

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \int_{-1}^1 \exp(\arcsin x) y(s) ds = \operatorname{tg} x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} (x^2 \sin s + t^2 \cos x) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} x(s-1), & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ s(x-1), & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 2

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} \operatorname{tg} s y(s) ds = \operatorname{ctg} x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{2\pi} \sin x \cdot \sin s \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} s(x+1), & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ x(s+1), & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 3

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 \arccos(s) y(s) ds = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi} \cos(x + s) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} (x+1)(s-2), & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ (s+1)(x-2), & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 4

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 (x \ln s - s \ln x) y(s) ds = \frac{6}{5}(1 - 4x).$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 (45x^2 \ln s - 9s^2 \ln x) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sin x \cos s, & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ \sin s \cos x, & s \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

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### Fredholm integral equations. Part IV

#### Case 5

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x \cos s y(s) ds = \sin x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 (2xs - 4x^2) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sin x \cos s, & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ \sin s \cos x, & s \leq x \leq \pi. \end{cases}$$

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### Fredholm integral equations. Part IV

#### Case 6

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x - s) y(s) ds = \cos x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (5xs^3 + 4x^2 s) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sin x \sin(s - 1), & -\pi \leq x \leq s \\ \sin s \sin(x - 1), & s \leq x \leq \pi. \end{cases}$$

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### Fredholm integral equations. Part IV

#### Case 7

1. Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{2\pi} (\sin x \cos s - \sin 2x \cos 2s + \sin 3x \cos 3s) y(s) ds = \cos x.$$

2. Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (5xs^3 + 4x^2s + 3xs) y(s) ds = 0.$$

3. Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(s - \frac{\pi}{4}\right), & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ \sin\left(s + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right), & s \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}.$$

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#### Case 8

1. Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \left( x - \frac{1}{2}(3s^2 - 1) + \frac{1}{2}s(3x^2 - 1) \right) y(s) ds = 1.$$

2. Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (x \cosh s - s \sinh x) y(s) ds = 0.$$

3. Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} -e^{-s} \sinh x, & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ -e^{-x} \sinh s, & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}.$$

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#### Case 9

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^\pi |\pi - s| \sin x y(s) ds = x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (19x - 19x \cdot s + 35s^2 x^2) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sin\left(3s - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) (\cos 3x + 6 \sin 3x), & \pi/6 \leq x \leq s \\ \sin\left(3x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) (\cos 3s + 6 \sin 3s), & s \leq x \leq \pi/3 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 10

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 x \sin(2\pi s) y(s) ds = x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (x \cosh s - s^2 \cosh x) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} \sinh(x - 1) \cosh s, & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ \sinh(s - 1) \cosh x, & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 11

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \int_0^1 s \arcsin x \cdot y(s) ds = \arccos x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{2\pi} \sin x \cdot \cos s \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} e^{(x-s)/4}, & -4 \leq x \leq s \\ e^{(s-x)/4}, & s \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

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#### Case 12

- Find the solution of integral equations with degenerate kernels:

$$1.1. y(x) - 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 2x - \pi.$$

$$1.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 x \sin^2 s \cdot y(s) ds = \cos x.$$

- Find the characteristic numbers and eigenfunctions for equations with degenerate kernel:

$$2.1. y(x) - \lambda \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^2 x \cdot y(s) ds = 0.$$

$$2.2. y(x) - \lambda \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (s^2 \sin x + x \sin^2 s) y(s) ds = 0.$$

- Find the characteristic values and eigenfunctions of homogeneous integral equations with symmetric kernels, if the kernel are as follows:

$$3.1. K(x, s) = 1 + xs + x^2 s^2; \quad -1 \leq x, s \leq 1.$$

$$3.2. K(x, s) = \begin{cases} (x+1)(s-3), & 0 \leq x \leq s \\ (s+1)(x-3), & s \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$