

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \Delta \vec{p}_1 = \vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_0$$

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \int \vec{F}_{12} dt$$

$$|\Delta \vec{p}| = \int F_n dt = \int \frac{z_1 z_2 e^2}{r^2} \cdot \cos \alpha \cdot dt$$

F_n - нормальная компонента F_{12} на направлении $\Delta \vec{p}$

$$\alpha + \varphi = (\pi - \tilde{\theta})/2 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2} - \varphi$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = \frac{d\varphi}{dt} \Rightarrow dt = \frac{d\varphi}{\dot{\varphi}} \Rightarrow |\Delta \vec{p}| = \int \frac{z_1 z_2 e^2}{r^2} \cdot \sin\left(\varphi + \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{d\varphi}{\dot{\varphi}}$$

Величина $r^2 \dot{\varphi}$ связана с моментом импульса:

$$\mu \frac{d^2 \vec{r}}{dt^2} = \vec{F}_{12} \Rightarrow \mu \cdot \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{p}_1}{dt} = \vec{F}_{12}$$

Умножив векторно на \vec{r} : $\left[\vec{r}, \frac{d\vec{p}_1}{dt} \right] = \left[\vec{r}, \vec{F}_{12} \right] = 0$

$$\left[\vec{r}, \frac{d\vec{p}_1}{dt} \right] = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\vec{r}, \vec{p}_1 \right] - \left[\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}, \vec{p}_1 \right] = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\vec{r}, \vec{p}_1 \right] - \left[\vec{v}, \mu \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} \left[\vec{r}, \vec{p}_1 \right] = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{L} = \text{const}$$

где: \vec{L} - момент импульса \vec{L} насчитан в L -системе
 \vec{L} - перпендикулярен плоскости движения и равен $\mu r^2 \dot{\varphi}$

В полярной системе координат: $L = \mu \cdot r^2 \dot{\varphi}$

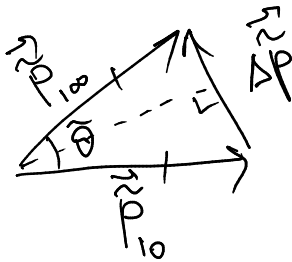
$$L = \mu \cdot r^2 \dot{\varphi} = \text{const} = \vec{p}_{10} \cdot \vec{b}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 \dot{\varphi} = \frac{\vec{p}_{10} \cdot \vec{b}}{\mu} = \text{const}$$

$$\vec{r}_{12} \sim \vec{r}$$

$$|\Delta \vec{p}| = \int_0^{\pi-\tilde{\theta}} \frac{\mu \cdot z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot e^2}{\tilde{p}_{10} \cdot b} \cdot \sin\left(\varphi + \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}\right) d\varphi = \frac{\mu \cdot z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot e^2}{\tilde{p}_{10} \cdot b} \cdot 2 \cdot \cos \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}$$

с фл. координ:
из квазиформы
измен. л. и мн-ств



$$|\Delta \vec{p}| = 2 \cdot \tilde{p}_{10} \cdot \sin \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}$$

Дифференциал:

$$d \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2} = \frac{z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot e^2 \cdot 2\mu}{2 \cdot b \cdot \tilde{p}_{10}^2} = \frac{z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot e^2}{2 \cdot b \cdot \tilde{T}_0}$$

$$d \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2} = \frac{z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot e^2}{2 \cdot b \cdot \tilde{T}_0}$$

где: \tilde{T}_0 - суммарная кин. энергия носителя в Ц-сис.

Һаҗпән җуон θ B одын саныар (неҗез җуон $\tilde{\theta}$)

уз җуе: $\tan \theta = \frac{AB}{LA}$

AB һаҗпән уз ΔABC :

$$\textcircled{AB} = BC \cdot \sin \tilde{\theta} = \tilde{p} \cdot \sin \tilde{\theta} = \tilde{p}_{10} \cdot \sin \tilde{\theta} = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \cdot p_{10} \cdot \sin \tilde{\theta}$$

уз ΔABD : $AD = BD \cdot \cos \beta$, җуе: $\beta = \frac{\pi - \tilde{\theta}}{2}$

Һаҗпән BD:

$$BD = |\Delta \tilde{p}| = 2 \cdot \tilde{p}_{10} \cdot \sin \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2} = \frac{2 m_2 \cdot p_{10}}{m_1 + m_2} \cdot \sin \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}$$

җ.к. $LD = p_{10} \Rightarrow$

$$\textcircled{LA} = LD - AD = LD - BD \cdot \cos \beta = p_{10} - \frac{2 m_2 \cdot p_{10} \cdot \sin \frac{\tilde{\theta}}{2}}{m_1 + m_2} \cdot \cos \frac{\pi - \tilde{\theta}}{2} = \dots$$
$$= \frac{p_{10}}{m_1 + m_2} \cdot (m_1 + m_2 \cdot \cos \tilde{\theta})$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{m_2 \cdot \sin \theta}{m_1 + m_2 \cdot \cos \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta + \frac{m_1}{m_2}}$$



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