

## Individual assignment No 1

1. Excess pressure in steam generator is  $p = (1+N)/10$  bar while barometrical pressure is  $B_1 = (725+N)$  mm Hg. Define excess pressure in steam generator if barometric pressure would rise up to  $B_2 = (785+N)$  mm Hg and absolute pressure in boiler would be the same.
2. Volume of air vessel is  $(0.3+N/100)$  m<sup>3</sup>, density of air in it is 2.86 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Define the mass of air into vessel.
3. Pressure in steam generator according to manometer is  $(13+N/5)$  MPa. Define absolute pressure in steam generator if atmospheric pressure is  $(1+N/100)$  atm.
4. Vacuumeter shows underpressure  $(N/50)$  kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>. Define absolute pressure into the vessel if atmospheric pressure is 100 kPa?
5. Define the mass of gas with  $V=N$  gallon, if its density is 1,05 kg/m<sup>3</sup>?
6. Manometer on steam generator shows  $P = (0.4+N/100)$  mPa. Define absolute pressure into steam generator if barometer shows  $(94+N)$  kPa.
7. Pressure into condenser of steam turbine is  $(5+N)$  kPa. Atmospheric air pressure is  $(100-N/10)$  kPa. Define underpressure into condenser.
8. The temperature of outside air is  $(20+N)$  °C. Define if the Freon HCFC-123 will boil at this temperature if its boiling point is 82.08 F.
9. Would  $N$  pd of water at 20 °C and atmospheric pressure boil if it is supplied with  $50*N$  Btu of thermal energy?
10. The vehicle engine has  $(100+N)$  horse power. How much energy (in J) will it consume at maximal power with efficiency 50 % for 1 minute?

*N here is number of your variant.*